





**April 2024** 

**Sunland Springs Genealogy** 

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#### All slides and handouts can be found at:

http://www.familytreeaz.com/Presentations/



QR Code: take photo to open to presentations

# Topics --- All Ancestry DNA

- Linking tree to Ancestry DNA kit
- ThruLines
- Ancestry Tag Groups
- Ancestry SideView
- Ethnicity Estimates
- Downloading a List of Matches from Ancestry

Linking Family Tree to DNA Kit

- Linking your tree properly is very important to get the most out of discovering how you are related to your DNA matches (and vice versa)
- It's a simple process and only takes a couple of minutes
- Linking enables others to get Shared Ancestor Hints to you
- Linking also allows proper display of your tree to other matches

How are you and Joan Anita Craddock related?

#### Common Ancestors &

According to Ancestry member trees, these are the common ancestors that connect you and Joan Anita Craddock. View a common ancestor to see the relationship path that connects you.

Joan Anita Craddock could be your mother through:

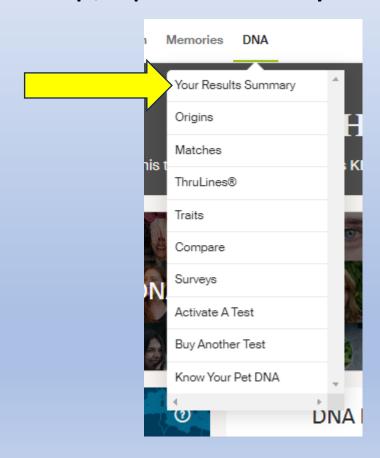


Joan Anita Craddock Mother

View Relationship

1929-2015

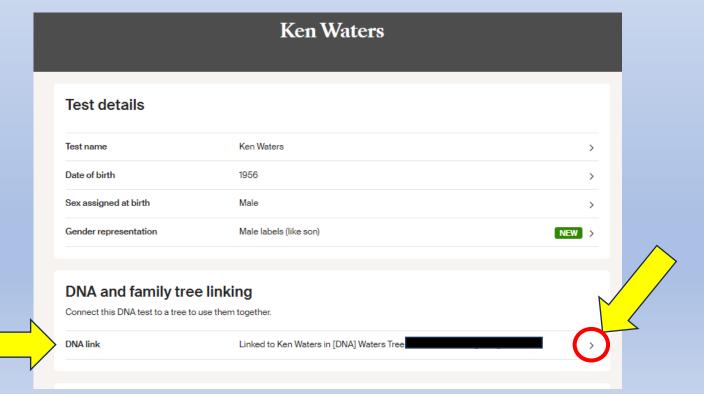
• First step, open Ancestry DNA and click on "Your Results Summary"



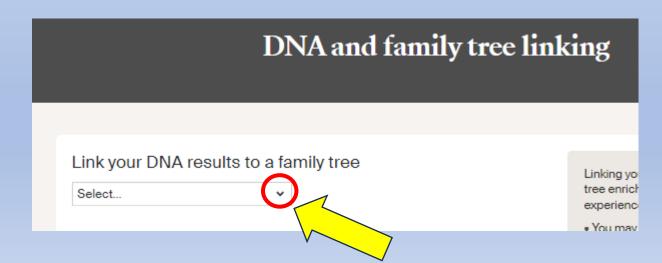
Click on "Settings"

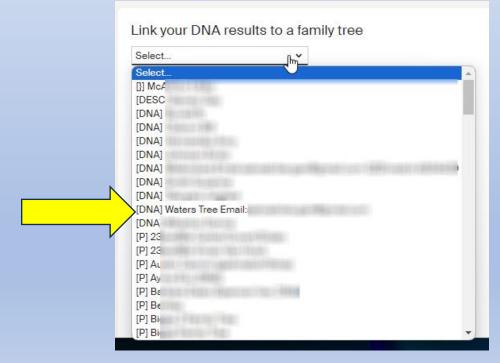


 Scroll down a bit to "DNA and family tree linking" and click on the right pointer



 Drop down the selection box to select the proper family tree to link to the test---MAKE SURE the test taker is included in the family tree!  Scroll down a bit to "DNA and family tree linking" and click on the right pointer

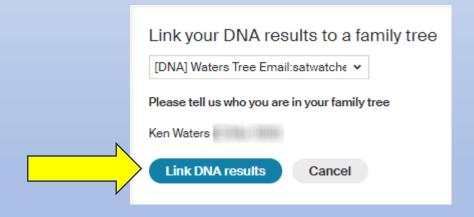




 Enter enough details in first and last name to see the name of the tester and select that person



Click Link "DNA results"



ThruLines

### ThruLines

Home > AncestryDNA®

#### **AncestryDNA® ThruLines®**

ThruLines® shows you how you may be related to your DNA matches. ThruLines are based on information from family trees they don't change the information in trees. If there's inaccurate information in your tree, you may receive inaccurate ThruLines. Only you and anyone you've invited to view your DNA results can see your ThruLines.

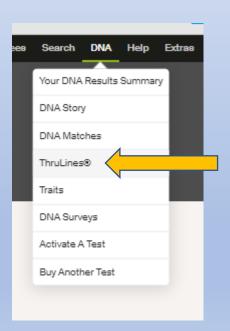
We use the family tree linked to your test to find people who are in your tree and are also in your matches's linked trees. If your tree is private and not searchable, you won't be able to see ThruLines, and information from your matches' trees that are private and not searchable won't be available to you. DNA matches may appear in more than one of your ThruLines.

ThruLines are available for ancestors through 5th great-grandparents. ThruLines won't appear for 6th great-grandparents and beyond.

You must have a public tree (or private but searchable) and have it linked to your DNA kit in order to see any ThruLines.

### ThruLines

- Starting with parents
- Goes down to 5<sup>th</sup> great-grandparents







#### Ken Waters's DNA Matches

View [DNA] Waters Tree Email:satwatcher.gen@gmail.com

All matches By parent BETA By ancestor By location

#### Filters >

#### ThruLines®

ThruLines shows you how you may be related to your DNA matches through ancestors you share. You get ThruLines when ancestors from your tree are also in a match's tree. Pick an ancestor to see which matches descend from them. Learn more about ThruLines.

#### Parents



Richard Joseph Waters



Joan Anita Craddock

#### Grandparents



Joseph John Waters Paternal grandfather 1898-1965



Caroline Margaret Sylvia Paternal grandmother 1893-1963



Charles Noble Craddock Maternal grandfather



Mardell Lillian Huntley Maternal grandmother 1908-2005

#### Great Grandparents



Great-grandfather



Irene Agnes Berkley Great-grandmother 1869-1907



(Sylvia) Great-grandfather 1845-1932



Caroline C. Lemos Great-grandmother 1874-1913



Charles Noble Craddock Great-grandfather



Mary Ellen Wood Great-grandmother



Great-grandmother 1878-1932

#### 2nd Great Grandparents



Terence Waters 2nd great-grandfather 1825–1902



Sabina Gallagher 2nd great-grandmother 1830–1901



Joseph Mortimer Berkeley 2nd great-grandfather







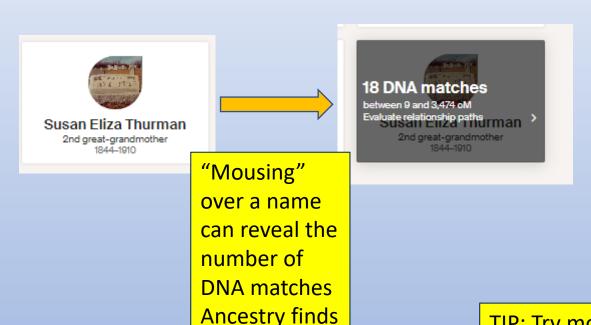


2nd great-grandfather



Delfina Candida San Jose 2nd areat-arandmother

# Look at quantity (and \*quality\* of those DNA matches)



Be careful: having a lot of DNA matches may simply be because of your close tested matches

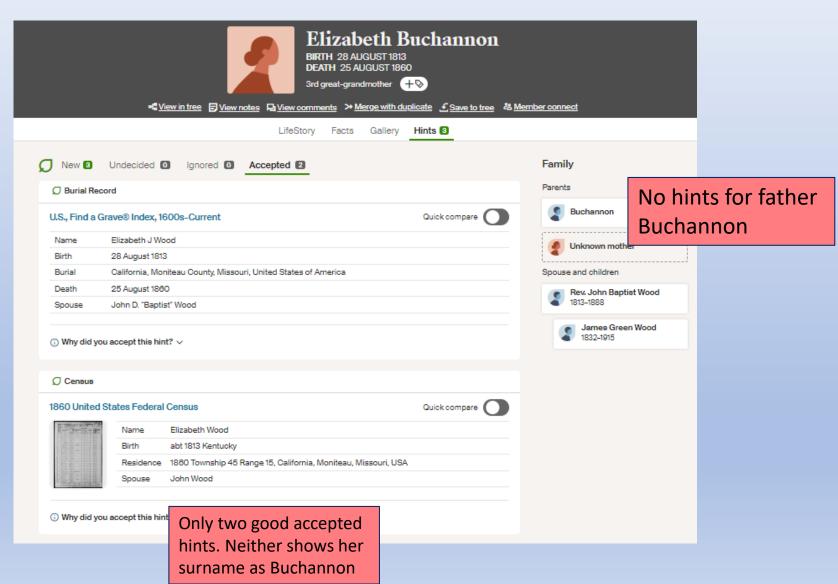
You need "breadth" of matches from other matches outside your close family

TIP: Try moving the mouse over each person. When you see lots of matches that is an indication that the person in the tree may be properly placed.

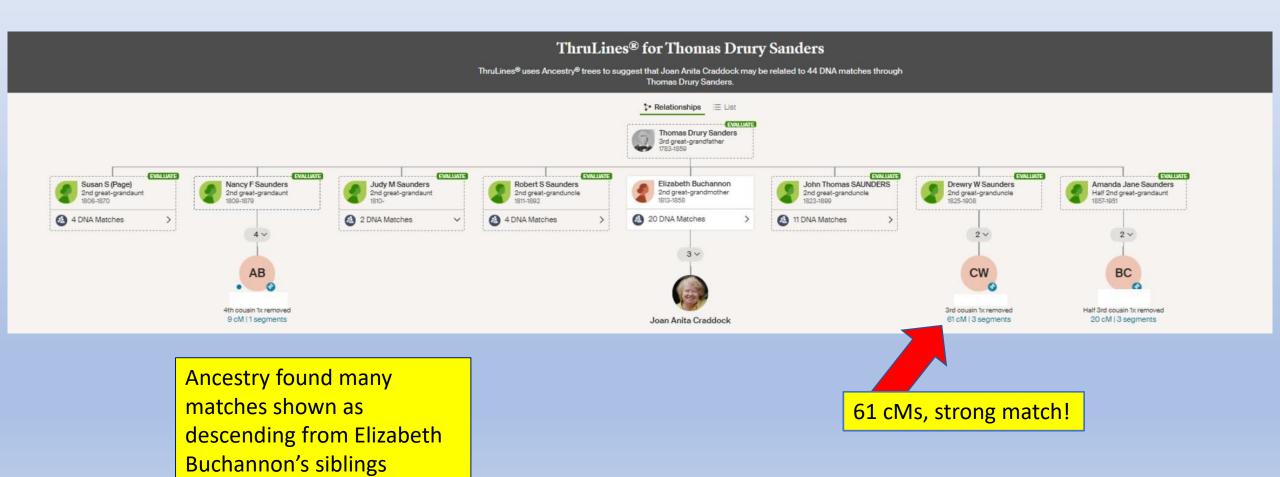
# My 3<sup>rd</sup> Great-grandmother

 This was entered as found from one of my known cousin's tree

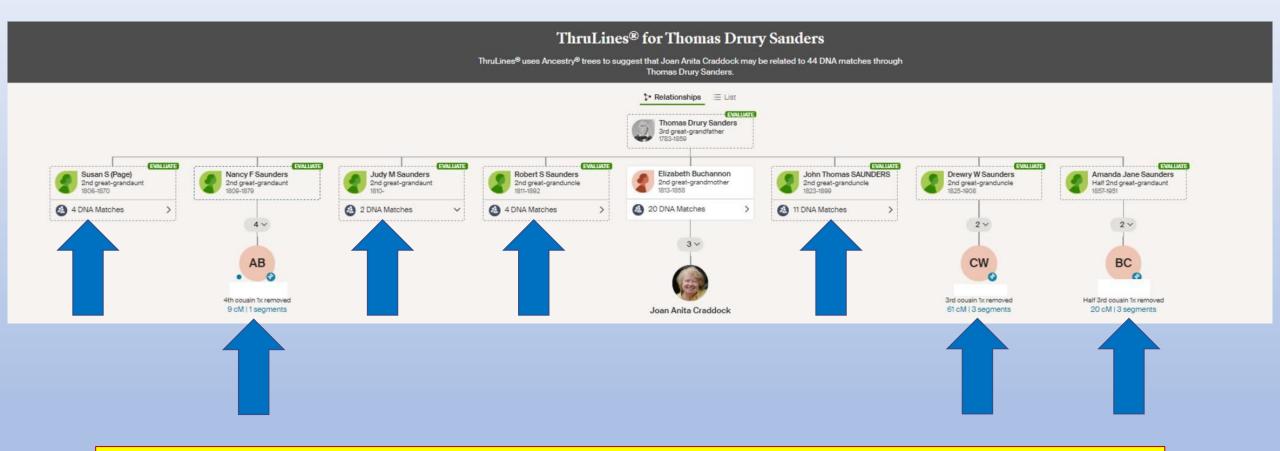
 Only a couple of sources with none showing birth surname



# Surprise DNA Matches when opening ThruLines

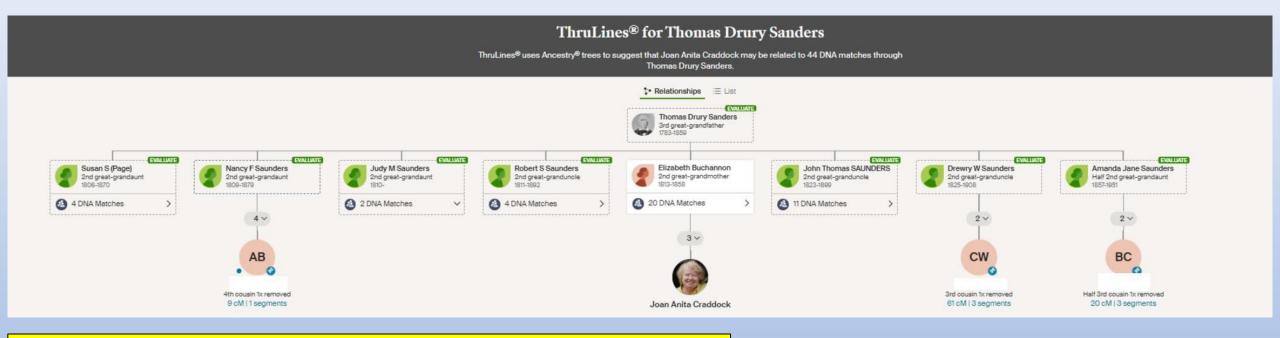


### Surprise DNA Matches



Note the breadth of matches from so many siblings! Very good sign of validation

# Surprise DNA Matches



What does this mean??

Likely that "Buchannon" is not Elizabeth's actual surname but it may be Saunders/Sanders instead

The large number of DNA matches that descend from the other Saunders siblings seems to indicate this!

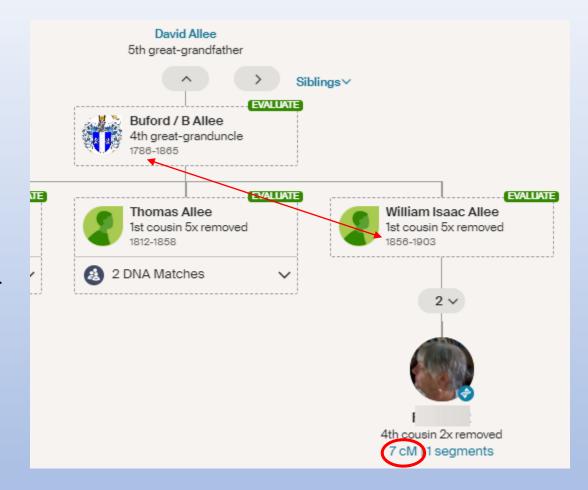
Need to dig deep: look at public trees of these siblings

Build Q&D trees for this line to look for confirmatory sources

A limitation: These people were all born a few decades before the 1850 census

### Be Careful

- This is an example of a possible connection to my 5<sup>th</sup> Great-Grandfather
  - Two red flags here:
    - William Allee is shown as born to father Buford Allee when Buford was 70 years old (yes....it's possible....but....!)
    - The match is only 7 cMs which could very well be a false match
- In my opinion, I would disregard this match entirely!



# ThruLines -- Verify

- Check each person in the descendancy line
  - Make sure none are born after the parent died
  - Make sure none show a parent > 100 years when they were born
- Be very skeptical of any suggestions of DNA matches 10 cMs or less
- Be suspicious of a wide date range of sibling births
- Be suspicious of any alleged line that only has one DNA match (could indicate a number of issues including, possibly, with your tree)

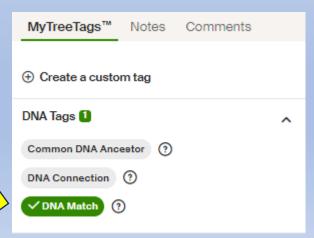


### ThruLines — Bottom Line

- Works only off of existing family trees: YOURS and others
- If there are errors in others' family trees that can lead to errors in ThruLines
- My experience is that most ThruLines hints are good, maybe 80-90%

#### ALWAYS VERIFY

- Once I've verified the ThruLines hint is valid I may want to go into my own linked tree and add this person (and his/her line) into my tree
- I also like to use the MyTreeTag feature for the DNA link



- Ancestry has a great feature called Tag Groups
- 24 colored dots that can be used to sort your matches
- Typical use would be to sort along ancestral lines



- Getting Started:
  - Start at the top with stronger matches and, one by one, create new tag groups
  - Click "Create custom group"

AD RS

1st - 2nd Cousin | Parent 1's side
13% shared DNA: 931 cM across 36 segments

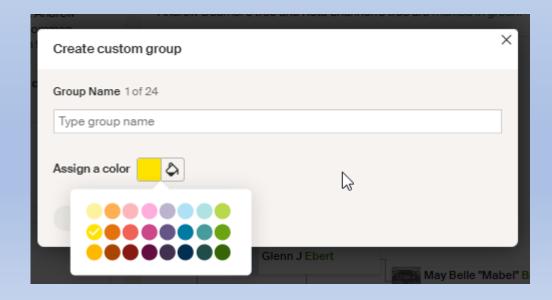
Connect to tree Message Edit Relationship

Add to group Add note

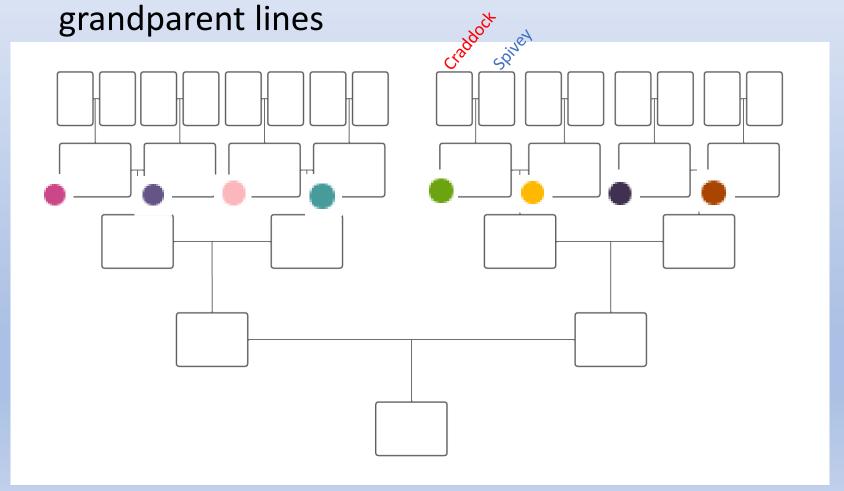
+ Create custom group

Starred matches Matches

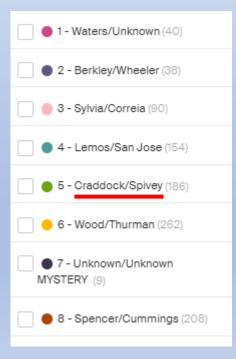
Choose the name and color



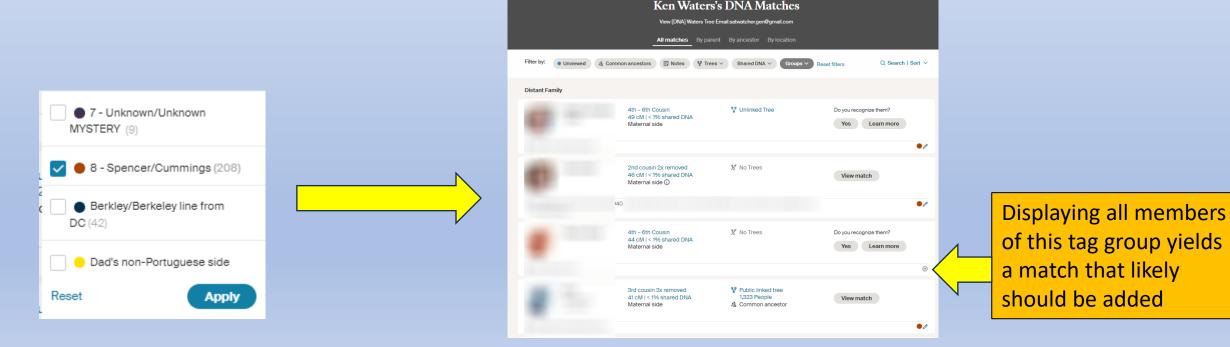
• Suggested Strategy: Assign a different color to each of your 8 great-



TIP: I like to include both surnames of the parents in the name



- Once you've set up groups for each of the 8 great-grandparent lines it becomes much easier to add other (or new) matches into the group!
- Here I am looking a list of matches all sharing with each other in my maternal great-grandmother's line



- Since I have 24 "dots" available to use and I only have 8 greatgrandparents, I still have 16 left to use
- I like to use the remainder for various things including:
  - Mystery genetic networks (I call these "DNA Islands")
  - Matches with no shared matches
  - Matches with various shared matches not showing a pattern
  - Sub-lines, for instance maybe 2a with would be a great-great-grandparent line
  - Very close matches such as 1<sup>st</sup> cousins which would otherwise share 4 of the 8 great-grandparent dots

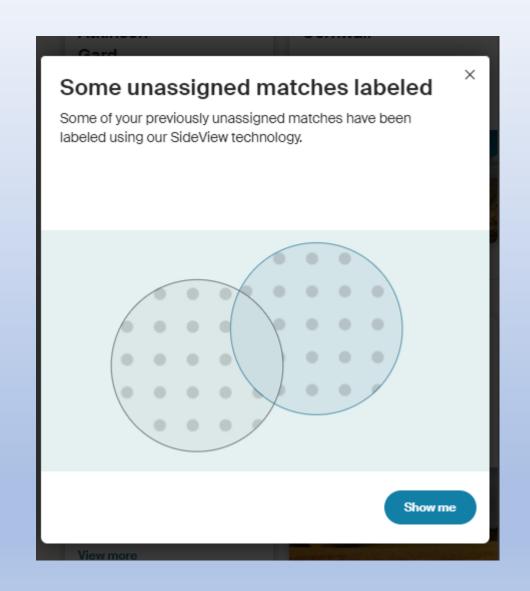
Gets tiresome and somewhat pointless to keep adding close relatives and clicking so many colored dots!

One last point:

• In February 2024 Ancestry announced they will be offering 64 tag groups (versus the current 24) sometime in the next few months (not yet available as of 3/26/2024)

• To get the increased number, however, one will have to upgrade to the DNA Tools feature (\$10/month)

- SideView was implemented recently, around 2022
- In a nutshell, it's an attempt to organize as many of your matches as possible into two different parental lines
- At first, they will only be labeled as "Parent1" and "Parent2" because Ancestry can't tell which is paternal or maternal



- This is an example
- AncestryDNA has sorted over 13,000 matches for this person into 2 parental groups and even collected a list of surnames common to each group
- This is for a tester who was born in Cornwall, **England**

1LABELED Updated Mar 2024 Parent 1 Last names in trees Common communities Ethnicity inheritance Atkinson Cornwall Gard Grigg Taylor 6,871 matches View more These are the most common last names which can be found in the View matches trees of their closest parent 1 View more View more

#### Parent 2



6,375 matches

View matches

Last names in trees

#### Anderson Andrews Clow Collins

These are the most common last names which can be found in the trees of their closest parent 2 matches.

View more

Common communities

#### **East of England**

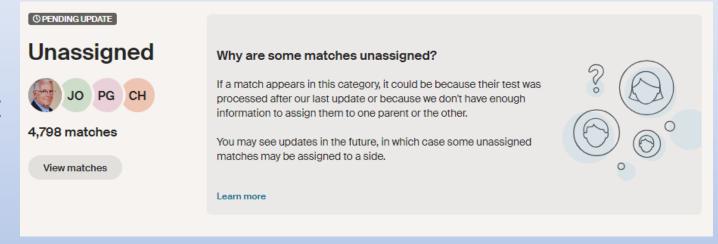
View more



Ethnicity inheritance Parent 2 View more

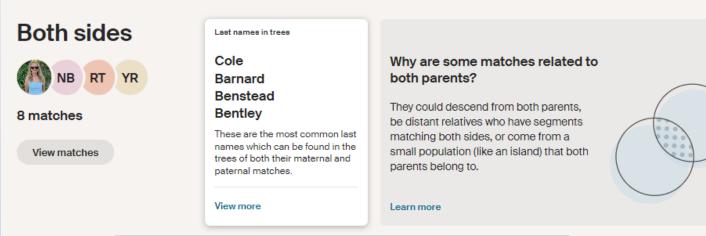
Parent 1

 When AncestryDNA can't figure out which side a match belongs on they'll just assign an "Unassigned" label to it



 This will be most common for the more distant matches, i.e., ones with lower centiMorgan values

- There's one other category that is possible for a match: "Both Sides"
- This one, in my opinion, is often the most interesting one
- Why?
  - Because it can indicate the possibility of multiple relationships where the test taker is related to the match on both the mother's side and the father's side



An interesting challenge: using the DNA

matches try to figure out which two lines

the match may be related to the test taker!

- When does SideView work well?
  - When the paternal and maternal sides are well-separated from each other
- When does SideView not work well?
  - Pedigree Collapse
  - Especially in cases of endogamy

This is an example of a test taker who was identified as 100% Ashkenazi Jewish, a population wellknown for endogamy.

Note the **HUGE** number of **Unassigned matches**; in fact the majority were Unassigned.

Also: note there are nearly 200,000 matches. Much more than most people.

Updated Mar 2024 7LASE ED

#### Parent 1



26.834 matches

View matches

Edit parent

Last names in trees

Berliner Diamond Abraham **Applebaum** 

These are the most common last names which can be found in the trees of their closest parent 1

View more

Common communities

Ashkenazi Jews in Central & Eastern Europe



Ethnicity inheritance

#### Parent 2



21,557 matches

Edit parent

Last names in trees

Cohen Abrahamow Abrahams

> These are the most common last names which can be found in the trees of their closest parent 2

View more

Common communities

Ashkenazi Jews in Central & Eastern Europe





Ethnicity inheritance

#### **Both sides**



9,542 matches

View matches

Last names in trees

Halpern Aidelkopf Aka

Berezovsky

These are the most common last names which can be found in the trees of both their maternal and paternal matches

Why are some matches related to both parents?

They could descend from both parents. be distant relatives who have segments matching both sides, or come from a small population (like an island) that both

Learn more



#### © PENDING UPDATE

#### Unassigned



133,497 matches

View matches

#### Why are some matches unassigned?

information to assign them to one parent or the other

You may see updates in the future, in which case some unassigned matches may be assigned to a side.

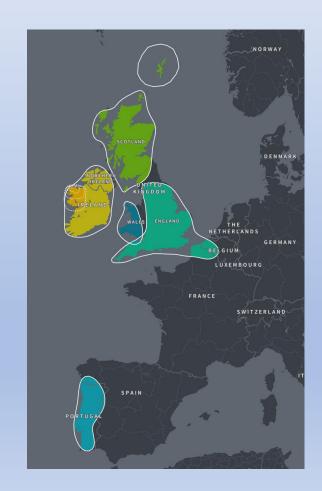
Learn more



# Ethnicity Estimates

### What About Ethnicity Estimates?

- These are purely estimates and should not be relied on to any great extent
- May be interesting to view but of limited use for genealogy
- Wide variation between companies
- Frequent updates can lead to confusing results



# Ethnicity Estimates

- Why all the differences?
  - Each company uses a different "sample panel" of tested people
  - Each company uses its own algorithms (methods) for determining how related a test taker is to this panel of people
  - Each company uses different "geographical" extents or groups to compare test takers from (e.g., what may be "UK" to one company may be English, Irish, Scottish, and Welsh to another company)
  - Also, some population groups are significantly undercounted, or underrepresented in the sample panels as well as in the company's testing population (e.g., American Indian, Inuit, Eskimo, etc.)

# **Ethnicity Estimates**

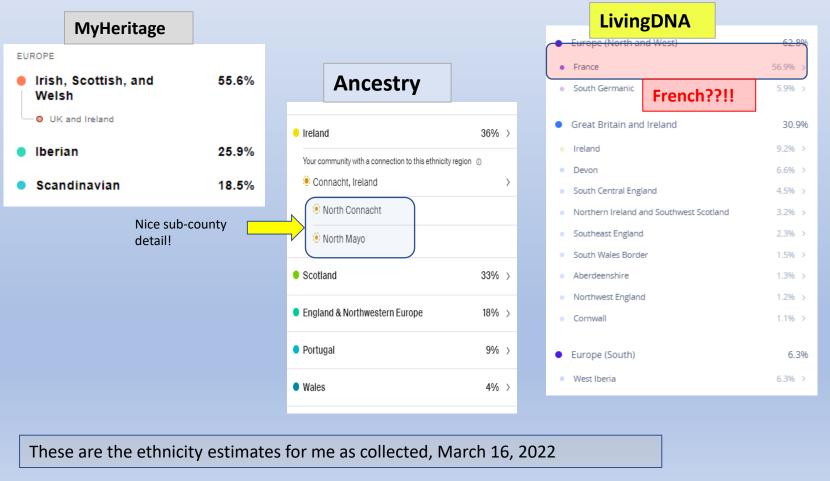
 Often the testing companies will change the ancestry results --- not always for the better!



In this case, for me, the estimates seem more accurate. I know that I am 25% Portuguese and it went from 9% up to 17%.

Ancestry DNA estimates for me

# What About Ethnicity Estimates?







# Ethnicity Estimates

Can be useful in some cases to give clues about ancestral lines



- But MANY caveats:
  - Estimates are often updated with wide-changing results
  - Some areas very difficult to discriminate from, especially western Europe such as German vs. French (remember---populations move over time!)
  - These are all estimates using statistics --- they can provide HINTS but rarely PROOF of ancestry

Downloading List of Matches from Ancestry

# Downloading List of Matches from Ancestry

- This can be problematic now due to:
  - The recent security incident with 23andMe in October 2023 increasing concerns with all the companies on downloading information from their website
  - Concerns about the amount of computing resources required by the company's servers
- There have been some methods developed but they are highly subject to change
- Ancestry has a history of blocking a number of apps which have tried to download matches (!!!)



# Downloading List of Matches from Ancestry

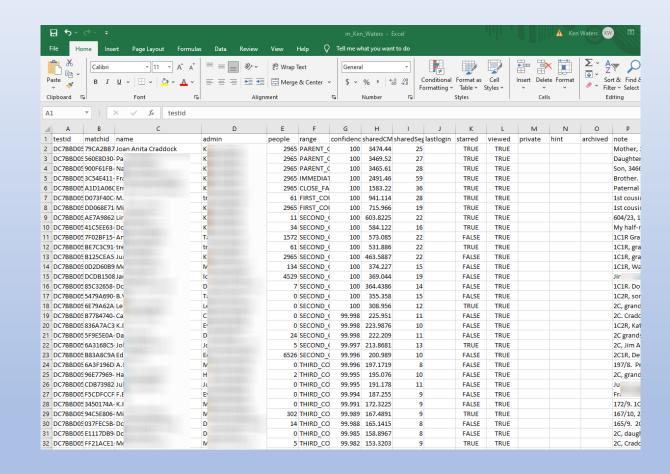
 My best recommendation is to use a tool called DNAGedcom which does have a cost of \$5/month



- Worked well up until Oct 2023
- Now, it's kind of "hit or miss", mostly miss
- Just tried today, 4/1/2024, and was unable to initiate a working download

#### DNAGedcom

- Snapshot of my match database, captured Sept 30, 2023 shortly before all the security concerns from October 2023
- This gives you an idea of what it can provide when it works



### Upcoming Classes/Presentations

#### Date: Sat, Apr 13, 1 pm

**Location: Red Mountain Library** 

**Topic: Genetic Networks** 

**Description: What are Genetic Networks and why are they** 

important to me? Let's learn all about them and how they can

help with my family tree.

#### Date: Sat, May 4, 1 pm

**Location: Red Mountain Library** 

**Topic: WATO (What Are The Odds)** 

Description: What is WATO and how can I use it?



All library classes are free to attend and require no registration and held at the Red Mountain Mesa Public Library at 635 N Power Rd in Mesa (unless otherwise noted above).



#### Presentations:

http://familytreeaz.com/Presentations



U.S., School Yearbooks, 1900-2016 School lists & yearbooks



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